

*Erika Johnson*

# 19th Middlesex State Representative

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## *Endorsement Questionnaire*

**Office Sought:** State Representative

**Legislative District:** 19th Middlesex

**Party:** Democratic

**Website:** <https://erikaforthethe19th.webnode.com/>

**Twitter:** [@erikaforthethe19th](https://twitter.com/erikaforthethe19th)

**Facebook:** <https://www.facebook.com/ErikaForThe19th/>

**Primary:** September 4

**Election:** November 6



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# Introduction: Progressive Mass

## About

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*Progressive Massachusetts is a statewide, grassroots organization committed to working toward shared prosperity, racial and social justice, good government and strong democracy, and sustainable infrastructure and environmental protection. It was founded 5 years ago by local organizers from the Patrick and Obama campaigns in order to continue to move forward progressive values and issues in Massachusetts.*

*Advancing a progressive agenda in Massachusetts requires electing legislators who share--and will fight for--our values, and then holding them accountable.*

### Membership

One of the benefits of being a dues-paying member of Progressive Massachusetts is that you get to participate in our endorsement votes for key elections, helping to shape the future direction of progressive policymaking in the state. **Not yet a member? Join!** [ProgressiveMass.com/member](https://ProgressiveMass.com/member)

### How Endorsements Work

Progressive Massachusetts sends candidates this detailed policy questionnaire, revised periodically by the Elections & Endorsements Committee (EEC). The EEC may choose to make a recommendation in a given race, but the ultimate decision lies with you--the members. In each race, you can choose to vote for a **candidate**, vote “**no endorsement**,” or **abstain**. Candidates who receive at least 60% of all ballots submitted in their respective race will be endorsed by Progressive Massachusetts. If no candidate in a race reaches the 60% threshold, we will not endorse. Regardless of whether or not we endorse, all questionnaires will be made available on our website as a public service.

## Sources

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*Each section features a chart or graph that illustrates one facet of the issue under discussion and is not intended to be comprehensive. All images and data are from Massachusetts Budget and Policy Center ([massbudget.org](https://massbudget.org)).*

# I. About the Candidate

## Erika Johnson

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### 1. *Why are you running for office? And what will your top 3 priorities be if elected?*

**Erika Johnson:** 1) Making sure all Massachusetts children have access to safe public schools and are getting an education that prepares them to be competitive in the current and future job market

2) Families; I want to make the district, as well as Massachusetts as a whole, a place for families to thrive by supporting a fair, living wage, paid family leave as well as working to make childcare, healthcare and higher education more affordable and accessible

3) Route 38: the heart of the district, connecting 495 and 95, and lined with local businesses and residences alike. The state of this road is unacceptable; by re-paving, taking a deeper look at traffic patterns as well as unsafe intersections will help economic development along the route to help local businesses and constituents. "All politics is local."

### 2. *What prepares you to serve in this capacity?*

**Erika Johnson:** I attended Roger Williams University in Bristol, RI, for college, where I majored in Political Science and minored in Psychology. One of my most memorable classes I took in college was an independent study with my Professor who lived in Barrington, RI, where we spent a semester working on an in-depth policy study on a proposed plastic bag ban in town (that eventually passed, as it has now in Wilmington). During college breaks, I had the honor of interning for Representative James Miceli. In this capacity, I was summarizing legislation, tracking bills through committees, working with state and federal agencies, and most importantly, helping with constituent services.

Throughout college, I was heavily involved with the College Democrats; working with local campaigns, advancing progressive policies on campus and participating in debates with the College Republicans. I served as Secretary my Sophomore year and President my Junior and Senior Year.

My Junior Year, I spent a semester "abroad" in Washington, DC taking classes and interning at the U.S. Capitol with Elizabeth Warren in her Press Office. As 1 of 2 chosen Interns, I worked directly with the Press Secretary to draft and issue press releases, run all social media platforms, put together news updates and communicate with Massachusetts and national media sources.

I was also actively involved in Student Government, elected fall semester of Junior Year and again for Senior Year after DC. My senior year, I was appointed Student Affairs Chair serving as the voice of the student body to the administration.

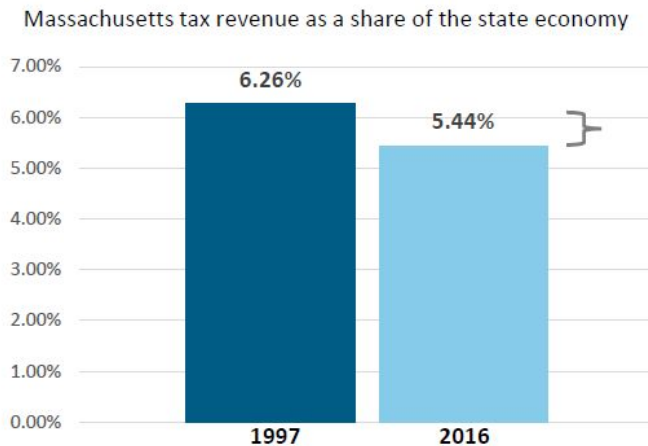
Since graduating, I've been involved with the Wilmington Democratic Town Committee serving as Secretary for a year and elected Chair this past September. With the way the political climate is shifting, I think it is time for a new, young, innovative perspective.

# A. REVENUE AND TAXATION

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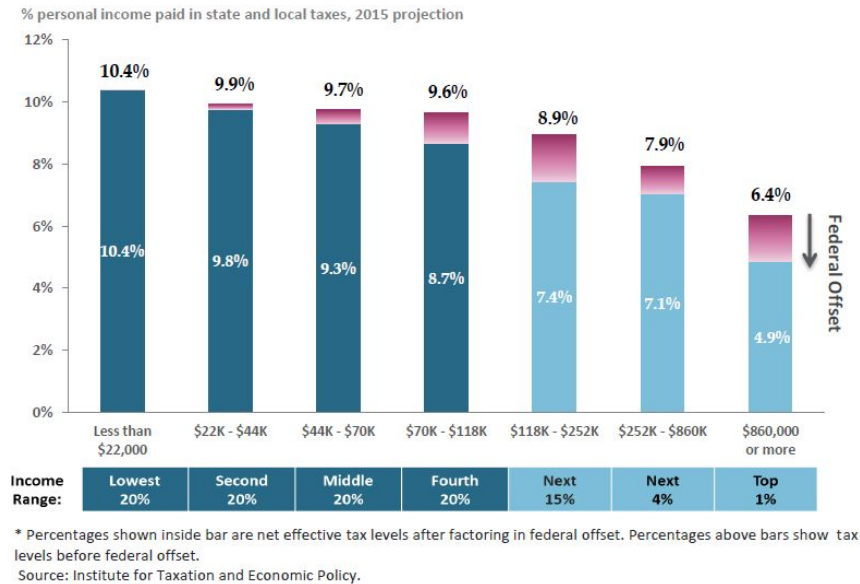
*Despite the label of “Taxachusetts,” Massachusetts ranks 22nd among states in terms of state and local taxes as a share of total personal income and below the national average. Between 1977 and 2012, Massachusetts reduced state taxes by more than all but one other state. Because of income tax cuts enacted between 1998 and 2002, Massachusetts is losing over \$3 billion in tax revenue each year. Such cuts to the state income tax have meant increasing reliance on fees, as well as sales, gas, and property taxes, exacerbating the overall regressivity of the system. Regressive taxation strains low- and middle-income families, and reduced revenue collection curtails our ability to invest in vital infrastructure. It also restricts legislators’ ability to pass new and visionary legislation, as there is a continual shortage of funds for existing priorities.*

**Declining revenues have meant drastic cuts, limiting our ability to invest in our communities and future economic stability.**



This 13.1% decline in tax revenue has led to deep budget cuts and ongoing budget challenges.

**Massachusetts state and local taxes are regressive.**



1. *What principles do you bring to considerations of state revenue and tax reform (individual and corporate)? How should we raise more revenue to adequately fund our communities for the future?*

**Erika Johnson:** I believe in the Millionaires Tax and would work to implement it on the state level.

2. *Optional/As Applicable: Please indicate work you personally have done to advance your principles on revenue and taxation (legislation, community work, published writings, etc.).*

3. *Progressive Taxation. Currently, Progressive Massachusetts is working on a constitutional amendment to increase the income tax on income over \$1 million by 4% (Fair Share Amendment, sometimes referred to as the “Millionaire’s Tax”), which will be on the 2018 ballot. Do you support this ballot question?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

4. *Sales Tax Holiday. It has been demonstrated over and over that the annual sales tax holiday does not serve its intended purpose of increasing sales, but rather just shifts sales to the weekend of the holiday. Would you oppose efforts to extend the sales tax holiday?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

5. *Corporate Tax Breaks & Disclosure. Do you support the state’s collecting and publicly disclosing the information about the benefits actually provided by corporations receiving tax credits?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes. When I worked for Governor Patrick, I actively participated in expanding the use of clawbacks and disclosure of tax incentive deals/recipients.

6. *Corporate Tax Breaks & Wages. Do you support requiring any company receiving tax credits from the state to pay a living wage and provide good benefits to all its employees?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

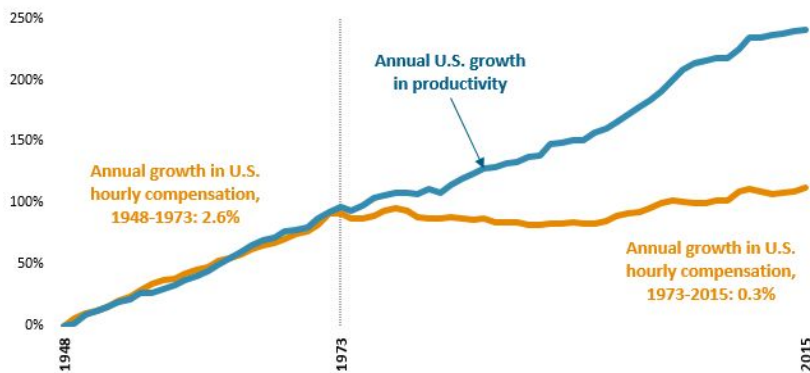
## B. JOB GROWTH AND THE ECONOMY

The Massachusetts economy has continued to grow and recover from the Great Recession, but the gains have not been shared equally. According to various measures of income inequality, Massachusetts now ranks as one of the top ten most [unequal states](#). We are one of the most expensive states in the country for [health care](#), [housing](#), and [child care](#), all of which strain wages. Most MA workers do not have access to paid medical leave, and only a small fraction have access to paid family leave--gaps that force people to choose between their (or their family's) health and their job.

Productivity has grown significantly since the 1970s, but it is not being reflected in higher wages.

### A Large Gap Has Opened Between Wage and Productivity Growth Since 1973

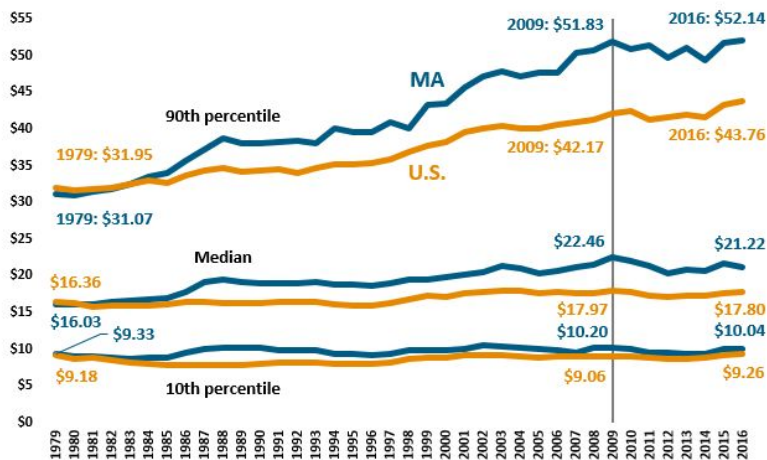
Cumulative Change in U.S. Hourly Wages for Private-Sector Production/Non-Supervisory Workers and Net Productivity, 1948-2015



Source: Economic Policy Institute analysis of unpublished Total Economy Productivity data from Bureau of Labor Statistics' Labor Productivity and Costs program, wage data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics' Current Employment Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics' Employment Cost Trends data, and the Bureau of Economic Analysis' National Income and Product Accounts  
 Note: Wages are the inflation-adjusted average hourly compensation of private-sector production/nonsupervisory workers.

### Wages For Most MA Workers Have Stagnated Since Great Recession

Real Value of Hourly Wage for Selected Wage-Earning Groups in MA and U.S., 1979-2016 (2016\$)



Source: Economic Policy Institute analysis of Current Population Survey data (deflated using CPI-U-RS).



**1. Share your personal values and principles on job growth and the economy.**

*How can we improve the economy and economic security for all people? How do we grow the number of good-paying jobs in the Commonwealth? How do you view wealth and income inequality, and what would you do about it, if anything?*

**Erika Johnson:**

**2. Optional/As Applicable:** Please indicate work you personally have done to advance your principles on job growth and the economy (legislation, community work, published writings, etc.).

**3. Increasing Wages.**

**a. Minimum wage.** Do you support raising the minimum wage to \$15 an hour?

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

**b. Tipped Minimum Wage.** And making the tipped minimum wage equal to that of the regular minimum wage?

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

**c. Indexing the Minimum Wage.** And indexing the minimum wage to inflation?

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

**d. Teen Minimum Wage.** And reject efforts to create a subminimum wage for teen workers?

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

**4. Paid Leave.** Do you support requiring access to up to 16 weeks of paid family leave and 26 weeks of paid medical leave?

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

**5. Unions -- Part I.** If workers in Massachusetts make the decision to unionize, would you be willing to publicly support a union-organizing drive and discourage management from fighting their decision?

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

**6. Unions -- Part II.** Since 2010 election, a number of states have rolled back the collective bargaining rights of public workers as part of a well-funded, nationwide assault on unions led by wealthy, conservative donors. Would you oppose any effort to roll back the collective bargaining rights of state or municipal employees?

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

**7. Wage Theft.** Do you support legislation to hold businesses responsible for the wage violations of their subcontractors when the work they do is substantially connected to the company's operations?

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

**8. Mandatory Arbitration.** Would you support legislation to prohibit the use of mandatory arbitration provisions in employment contracts, i.e., requirements that an employee forfeit the right to sue the

*employer for discrimination, nonpayment of wages or other illegal conduct?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

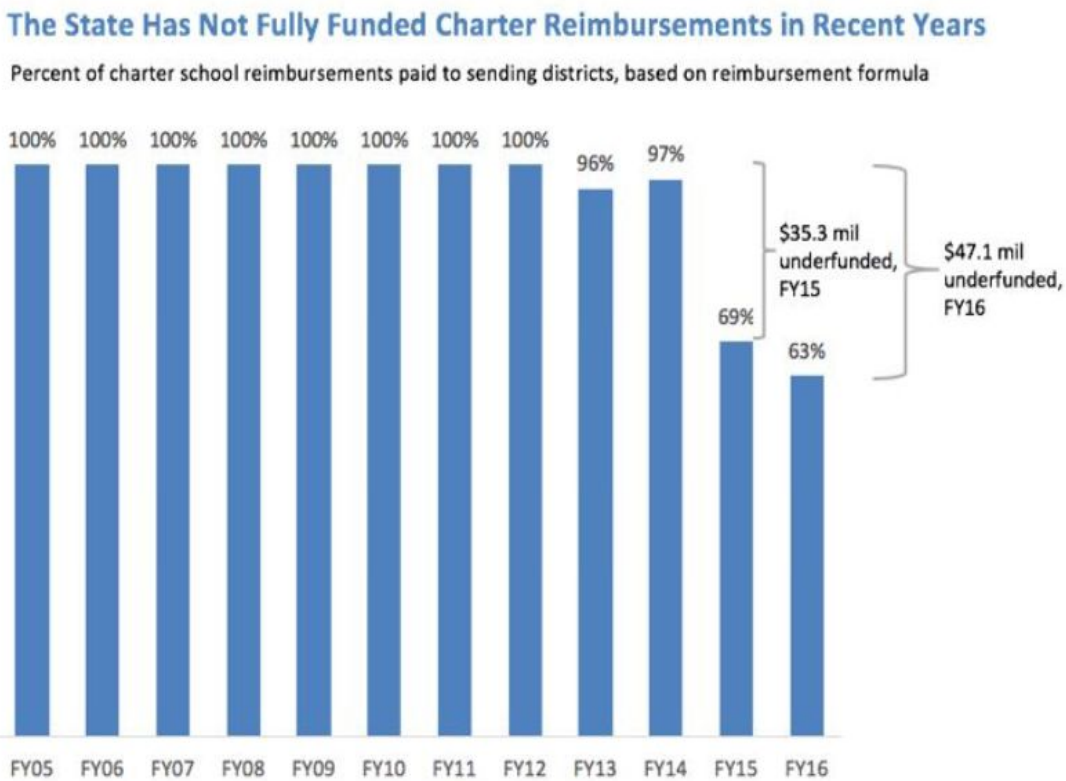
9. ***Economic Democracy.** Would you support legislation to foster and develop employee ownership of businesses in Massachusetts and encourage the formation of cooperatives and/or benefit corporations?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

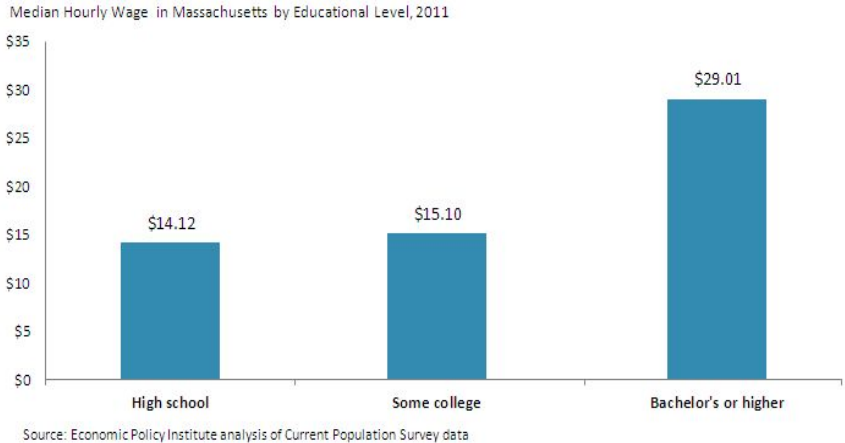
# C. EDUCATION

The promise of public education has always been as a gateway to opportunity and mobility for all, regardless of economic circumstances, a cornerstone of the American dream for all residents. The mission of public schools is to serve all students, including English Language Learners and those with special needs. However, powerful corporate interests are working to undermine public schools, teachers, and unions. These groups are investing millions of dollars to promote the expansion of privately run charter schools, which siphon money from our public K-12 districts while largely excluding students with the greatest needs. Various forms of privatization are being proposed and implemented, including charter schools and “turnaround” schemes that put private management groups in charge of struggling public schools. Costly, mandated standardized test results are used to justify these privatization schemes. Finally, the soaring price of higher education over the last several decades has made access to this opportunity increasingly out of reach, at the very moment when higher education makes a greater difference to one’s economic future.

**The state hasn’t been living up to its responsibility to fully fund our public schools.**

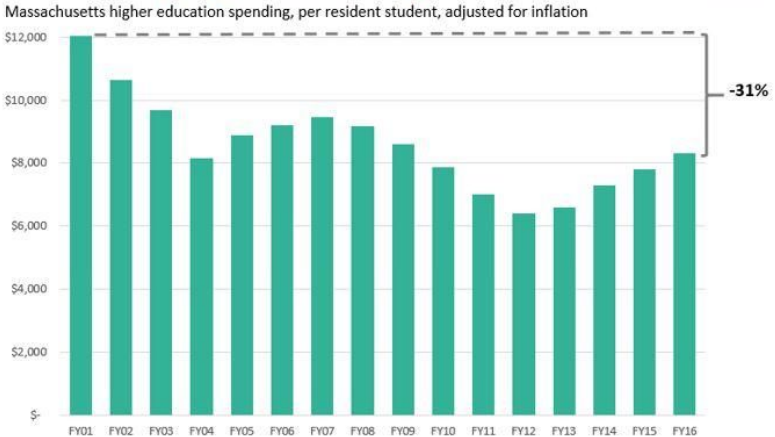


**Higher educational attainment leads to higher wages.**



**Massachusetts has been disinvesting from higher education and shifting the cost burden onto students.**

**Per Student, Higher Ed. Cut by 31 Percent Since FY 2001**



1. ***Please share your personal values and principles regarding public education.*** *What value does public education have in improving our economy as well as in addressing matters of economic justice? How can we close persistent achievement gaps? What measures should the Commonwealth take on these issues?*

**Erika Johnson:** believe all students in the Commonwealth should have access to public education that is well-funded, safe and prepares them for the jobs of the future. Education is the key to a healthy society and economy. I do not agree with increasing charter schools; they are not held to the same standard as public schools and can be selective. All public funds should go to public schools that are held to State Standards and welcome everyone in the school district.

2. ***Optional/As Applicable:*** *Please indicate work you personally have done to advance your principles on public education?*
3. ***Universal Pre-K.*** *Would you support creating universal, free Pre-K, accessible to any resident of Massachusetts, integrated into the public school system?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

4. ***Standardized Testing.*** *Do you oppose the use of high-stakes testing for such things as student promotion, high school graduation, teacher evaluation, and the evaluation of schools and districts?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes. A Saturday spent taking a test does not accurately measure a student's intellect.

5. ***Equitable Funding.*** *Do you support changing the Chapter 70 Education formula, including the Foundation Budget, to incorporate proper state funding for ELL students, Special Education students, transportation costs, charter school reimbursements to sending schools, and class size reduction?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

6. ***Charter Schools.*** *Last November, Massachusetts voters overwhelmingly rejected a ballot initiative to lift the cap on charter schools given the millions of dollars it would have siphoned away from public schools.*

- a. *Would you support keeping the cap on charter schools?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

- b. *Would you support legislation to bring **greater accountability and transparency to charter schools**, such as by requiring them to adhere to the same disclosure and disciplinary standards as public school districts?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

7. ***Sex Education.*** *Do you support requiring public schools that teach sexual health education to provide age-appropriate, medically accurate information that is inclusive of all sexual orientations and gender identities that hat includes the effective use of contraception?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

8. *Higher Education Access.* Would you support legislation to grant in-state tuition and financial aid to undocumented students?

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

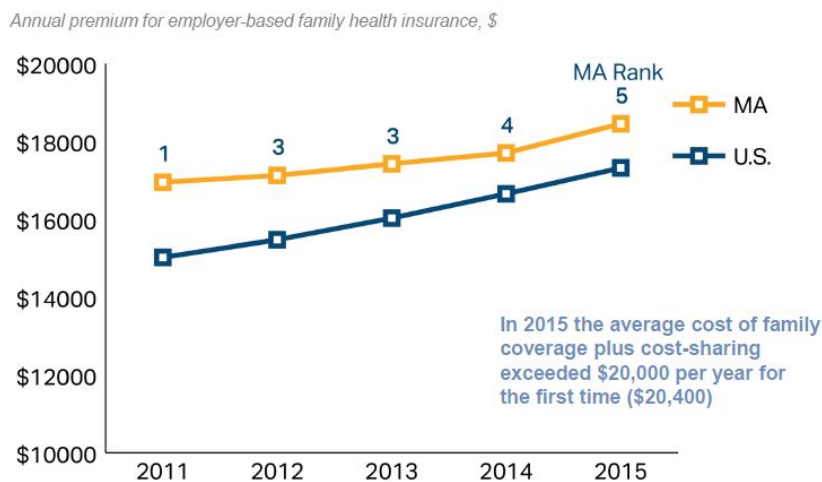
9. *Tuition-Free Higher Education.* Would you support making tuition free at public colleges and universities?

**Erika Johnson:** No. I believe we should make higher education more affordable and accessible, and with that increasing need-based scholarships.

## D. HEALTH CARE

Massachusetts has led the way in providing near universal health insurance coverage, with 97% of the state having health insurance. We provided the blueprint for the national Affordable Care Act, with an insurance-based reform passed by the Democratic Legislature and signed by Republican Governor Romney. While the reforms of President Obama's Affordable Care Act are under assault by Republicans (who control the Executive and both legislative chambers), Massachusetts could lead in more progressive health care reforms. Even without the Republican dismantling of national reforms, there is still work to do right here in Massachusetts. MA's Democratic Legislature passed, and the Republican governor signed, the ACCESS bill in 2017--protecting the right to no-fee contraception, which is (federally) under threat: Where our federal advances are being rolled back, Massachusetts could--and should--push progressively forward. Significant disparities in health insurance coverage and health care access continue to exist along income, racial, and education lines. Premiums continue to rise, and medical debt remains a persistent problem. We still spend an oversized portion of public and private money on health care, but without necessarily achieving better health outcomes.

**MA has among the highest health insurance premiums in the country.**



Source: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Medical Expenditure Panel Survey, Insurance Component

1. *Please share your personal values and principles regarding health care insurance, delivery, and outcomes.*

**Erika Johnson:** Massachusetts has one of the best healthcare systems in the world yet some of the highest costs. I fundamentally believe that healthcare is a right that all people are entitled to. I have been a staunch supporter of Obamacare and will fight to keep that in place until we find a better alternative that still incorporates its fundamentals (mandating insurance, access even if there are pre-existing conditions, free contraception and children can stay on their parents plan until they're 26)

2. *Optional/As Applicable: Please indicate work you personally have done to advance your principles on*

*health care (legislation, community work, published writings, etc.).*

- 3. *Single Payer.*** *Would you support legislation to enact a single payer health care system in Massachusetts?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

- 4. *Reproductive Rights.*** *Would you support legislation to guarantee women access to abortion care without dangerous delay, isolation, and obstruction?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

- 5. *Dental Care.*** *Do you support the authorization of dental therapists in Massachusetts, similar to a nurse practitioner or physician assistant, in order to expand access to dental care?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

- 6. *Prescription Drug Pricing.*** *Would you support a drug transparency law, like the one recently passed in California, that requires pharmaceutical companies to publicly justify steep price increases?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

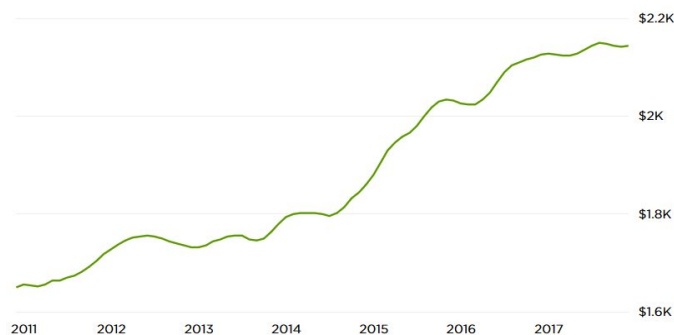


## E. HOUSING

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Massachusetts has a lot to offer, but that does little if people can't afford to live here. Although Massachusetts ranked #1 last year in the [US News & World Report's state ranking](#), we were #45 in cost of living and #44 in housing affordability. A worker earning minimum wage in Massachusetts would have to work [80 hours a week](#) to afford a modest one bedroom rental home at market rate (and almost 100 hours a week in Metro Boston). Over the last ten years, the need for affordable housing has increased, while funds for affordable housing have decreased at both federal and state levels. The Commonwealth is at risk of losing [14,231 subsidized units](#) by December 31, 2019, as subsidies expire and owners convert properties into market-rate condominiums. Half of families in Greater Boston alone pay over 30% of their income in housing and utilities costs—and over 25% of households pay more than half their income to housing. There is a waiting list of up to ten years for a rental voucher. This is unsustainable. It has led to expanding economic inequality, increased homelessness, and damage to our economy, as talented workers often leave the state for less expensive regions.

### Median rents have gone up by more than 30% since 2011.



(source: [zillow.com](#))

**1. Please share your personal values and principles regarding affordable housing.**

*How would you ensure that there is suitable housing for all who need it, within reasonable distance of job opportunities? How would you address the need to link housing, jobs, and transportation? How would you tackle homelessness?*

**Erika Johnson:** I believe that every person deserves a roof over their head; we need more affordable housing available. As Boston-area and Massachusetts housing costs rise, we need something in place to help those who cannot afford it. By expanding public transportation and making it more affordable, people can live in places like Worcester and even Springfield and still have access to jobs in towns along the route and in Boston. Towns like Wilmington and Tewksbury where real estate prices have doubled and even tripled since our parents bought their homes here make it prohibitive to buy or even rent in the places we grew up.

**2. Optional/As Applicable:** Please indicate work you personally have done to advance your principles on housing (legislation, community work, published writings, etc.).

**3. Funding.** Do you support increasing funding for

a. *The creation of new units of affordable housing, especially low-income units?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

b. *The Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

c. *Matching funds for the Community Preservation Act (via fees from the Registry of Deeds)?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

4. **Housing Preservation.** *Currently, certain property owners who guarantee affordable rents have been incentivized by subsidized mortgages via the 13A program. However, many of the contracts under 13A are set to expire in 2019. Do you support giving cities and towns the authority to require such apartments to remain affordable?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

5. **Foreclosure Prevention.** *Do you support a requirement that banks mediate in good faith with homeowners to seek alternatives before beginning foreclosure proceedings?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

6. **Tenant Protections.** *Would you support legislation, such as the Jim Brooks Stabilization Act, that requires landlords to provide a reason when seeking to evict a tenant, like failure to pay rent, damaging property, or breaking a lease; informs tenants of their rights under state law; and increases data collection on eviction?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

7. **Zoning Reform.** *Would you support legislation to upgrade Massachusetts's zoning laws to encourage more affordable housing and transit-oriented, walkable development and to promote inclusionary zoning practices?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

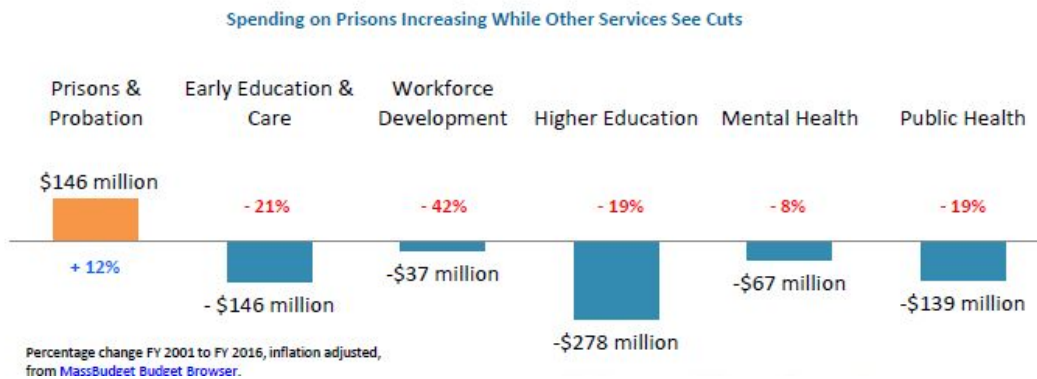
8. **Combating Speculation.** *Would you support legislation to allow cities and towns to impose a graduated tax on private real estate transactions over \$2.5 million, with the money allocated to affordable housing trust funds?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

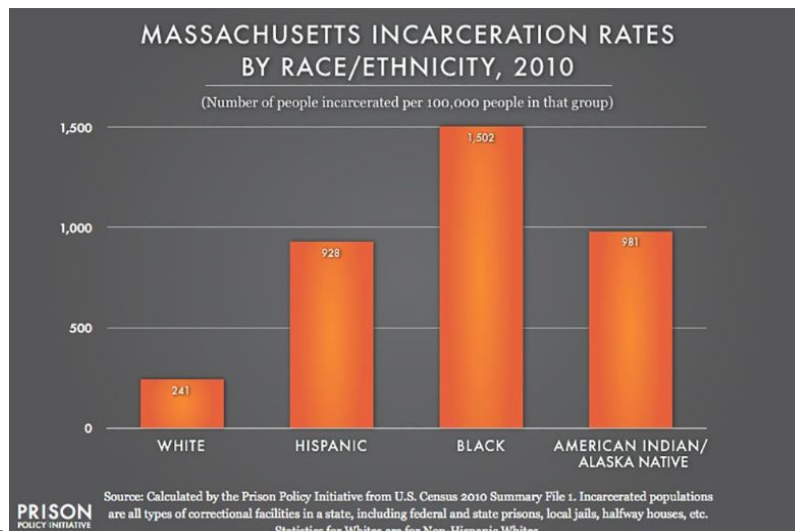
# F. RACIAL AND SOCIAL JUSTICE

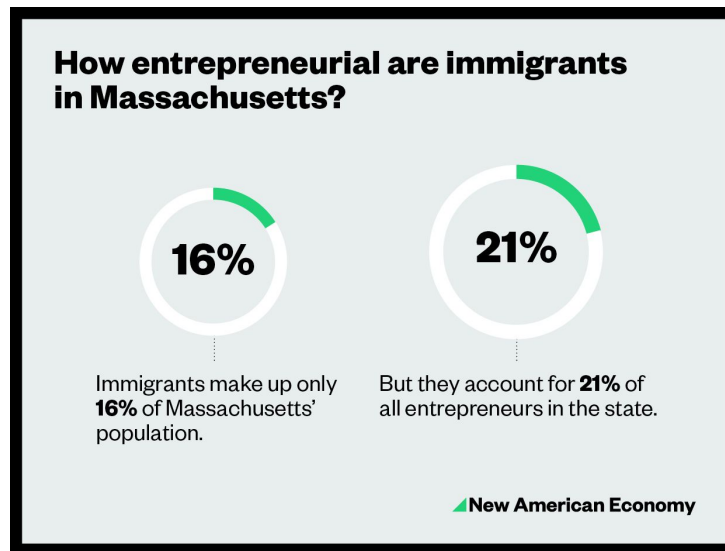
Massachusetts must continue to strive to be a state that welcomes and embraces all of its residents and combats prejudice and discrimination of all kinds. The social and economic costs of mass incarceration and the policies that created it, in particular, have put our aspirations of “justice for all” into crisis. We support a judicial system that does not disproportionately target communities of color and the poor, that does not criminalize public health issues such as addiction, that reorients away from ineffective and costly ‘tough on crime’ policies. A comprehensive approach to reform must be taken in all aspects of the criminal justice system.

## Spending on prisons has increased while other services have been cut.



## Significant racial disparities exist in incarceration in Massachusetts





1. *Please share your personal values and principles regarding Racial and Social Justice.*

**Erika Johnson:** I believe our country and state has a lot of work to do in breaking down implicit bias and institutionalized racism. I spend a lot of time thinking about this, reading all I can and listening to podcasts. If elected, I will use my elevated power to help marginalized communities and be sure everyone in the Commonwealth is protected regardless of gender identity, sexual orientation, race, religion, immigration status etc.

2. *Please indicate work you personally have done to combat racism, Islamophobia, xenophobia, homophobia, transphobia, and other attempts to marginalize disadvantaged groups.*

**Erika Johnson:** I have been outspoken in speaking out against injustice from micro-aggressions to blatant hate speech.

3. *Trans Accommodations. In 2016, Massachusetts passed legislation to prevent discrimination against transgender individuals in public accommodations. Conservatives are seeking to repeal the bill on the 2018 ballot. Will you advocate for the protection of this legislation?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

4. *LGBTQ Youth. Our neighboring states of Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Vermont ban the use of harmful conversion therapy practices for minors. Do you support banning the use of conversion therapy in Massachusetts?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

5. *Mandatory Minimums. The landmark criminal justice reform bill passed earlier this year eliminated or reduced a number of mandatory minimums for drug-related offenses; however, it left in place, or expanded, those related to opioids. The opioid crisis in Massachusetts is severe, but it will not be solved by doubling down on criminalization. Do you support eliminating mandatory minimums for opioid drug*

offenses?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

6. **Juvenile Justice -- Part I.** Ample research shows that teenage offenders served by a juvenile system are much less likely to re-offend and more likely to successfully transition to adulthood. Teenagers in a juvenile system have access to greater educational and counseling services, and they're much less likely to face sexual assault than at an adult facility. Do you support raising the age of criminal majority from 18 to 21?

**Erika Johnson: No.** My mother works in juvenile justice. I don't think this is the right course of action.

7. **Juvenile Justice -- Part II.** Under Massachusetts law, if a high school senior and a high school sophomore have sex – with mutual consent — the senior could be punished by incarceration and then forced to register as a sex offender. In recent years, states have been passing so-called "Romeo and Juliet" laws out of a recognition that such cases only get prosecuted when a parent disapproves of their child's relationship. Do you support the elimination of the charge of statutory rape for consensual sex between youths who are close in age (See H.3065 for reference)?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

8. **Solitary Confinement.** Do you support limiting the use of solitary confinement to no more than 15 consecutive days, and eliminating the use of solitary confinement for at-risk populations, including pregnant women, LGBTQ people, those with mental illness, and those under age 21 or over age 65?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.** 100% support limiting the use of solitary confinement with very few exceptions

9. **Police Accountability.** Do you support the establishment of an independent review board for police shootings in the Commonwealth?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

10. **Militarization of Police.** Under the federal 1033 program, the US Department of Defense can transfer excess military equipment to local police departments. Such equipment makes police forces look like occupying armies and exacerbates the impact of overpolicing in communities of color. Meanwhile, communities are often left in the dark about the equipment that local police departments are acquiring. Would you support, at minimum, a requirement that local elected officials vote on any such transfer before it can take place?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

11. **Safe Communities Act.** Do you support the Safe Communities Act, which prohibits the use of state resources for mass deportations or deportation raids, limits local and state police collaboration with federal immigration agents, and prohibits state support for a Muslim registry?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

12. **Safe Driving Act.** Would you support the Safe Driving Act, which would remove immigration status as a

*barrier to applying for a license or learner's permit?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

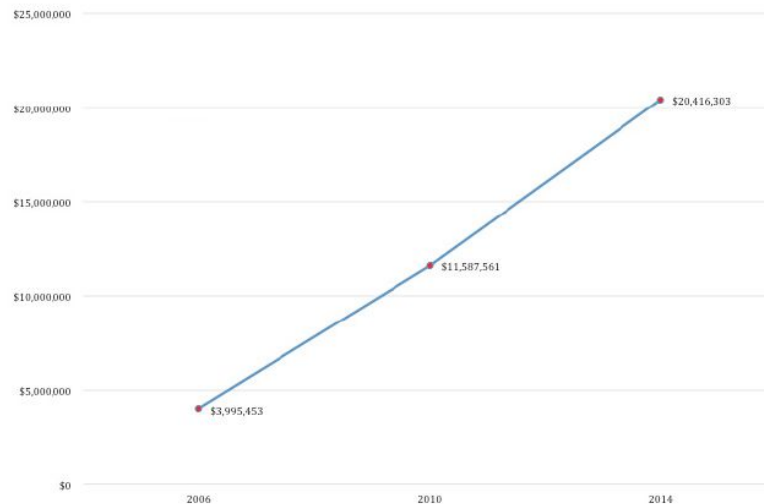
# G. GOOD GOVERNMENT/ STRONG DEMOCRACY

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*The influence of big money in politics is detrimental to democracy. Independent expenditures in MA elections have grown by a factor of five over the past decade. A centralized power structure on Beacon Hill, is undemocratic, and makes it easier for lobbyists to target the top and undermine the system. A strong democracy requires an engaged electorate, but voter turnout in midterm elections, and especially local elections, remains low. Myths about voter fraud are peddled in order to justify voter suppression. The Election Modernization Act of 2014 helped eliminate Massachusetts's embarrassing status as one of the ten worst states in terms of voting rights, but there is still much work to be done.*

**Independent expenditures in MA elections have risen rapidly.** (Source: [Common Cause](#))

**Figure 1: MA Independent Expenditure Totals**



1. *Please share your personal values and principles regarding Good Government and Strong Democracy.*

**Erika Johnson:** I believe that money should not buy our elections. Money often has an amplified voice that is not representative of the majority of people, the NRA being the perfect example.

2. *Please indicate work you personally have done to promote transparency, campaign finance reform, legislative rules reform, and access to voting.*

**Erika Johnson:** I fully support publicly funded campaigns as well as full public disclosure of where all accepted campaign donations come from.

I believe in automatic voter registration and same day voting registration and oppose Voter ID laws.

3. **Power and the Legislature.** *If elected, would you support efforts to dilute the amount of power held by leadership in your respective branch of government? For example, would you support a rule change allowing committees to appoint their own chair, instead of leadership?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

4. **Transparency.** *Massachusetts is one of only two states where the Governor's Office, the Legislature, and the Judiciary claim full exemption from the public records laws. Do you support ending that exemption?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

5. **Public campaign financing.** *Would you support legislation to create a robust public financing system for state elections?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

6. **Candidate Diversity.** *The cost of child care can prove prohibitive to working mothers or fathers seeking to run for office. Would you support legislation to explicitly allow working parents running for office to use campaign funds to pay for childcare while the candidate is "performing work or attending events directly related to the candidate's campaign"?*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

7. **Voting.** *Which of the following policies to increase voter participation do you support?*

a. *Election day voter registration*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

b. *Automatic voter registration*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

c. *Expansion of early voting to "off-year" elections*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

d. *No-fault absentee voting*

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**



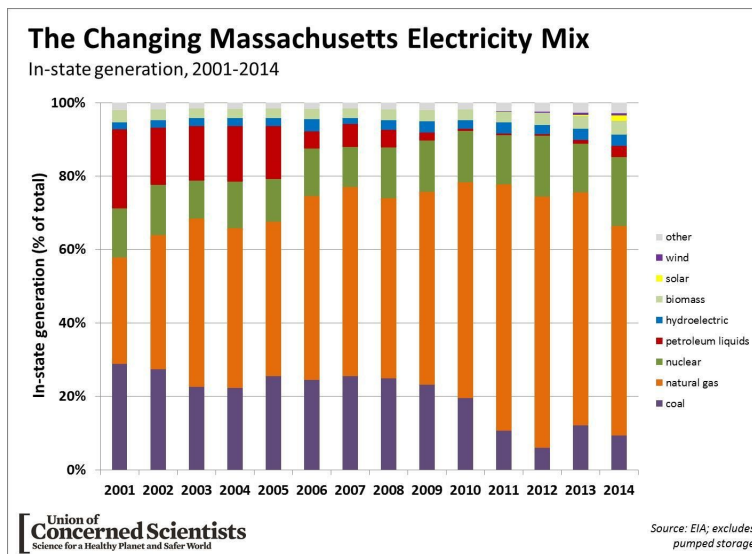
# H. SUSTAINABLE INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

*Massachusetts will be hit particularly hard by climate change. In order to avoid catastrophic climate change, global carbon emissions need to be reduced by 70% by 2050 and brought to 0 by 2080. In 2016, the Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court ruled that the state has failed to meet its legal obligation to set and enforce annual limits on greenhouse gas emissions as outlined in the 2008 Global Warming Solutions Act. Setting and reaching these goals will require the decarbonization of our state economy and a transition away from fossil fuels toward clean, renewable sources of energy. In light of congressional gridlock at the federal level, state government must take a role in incentivizing reduced carbon usage and assisting in coordination between agencies and moving forward local government understanding of looming climate threats.*

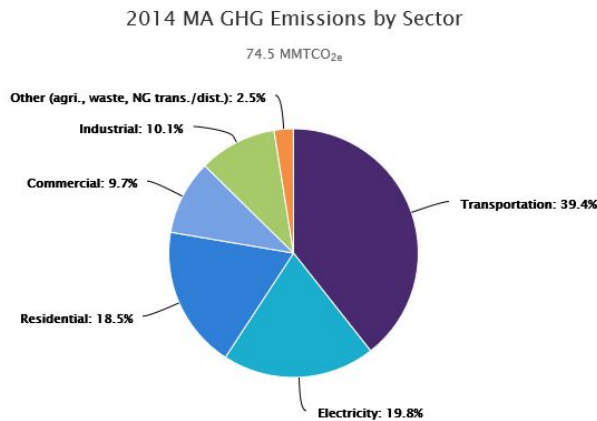
*Equity issues loom large, as low-income communities and communities of color are often the most vulnerable to natural disasters and bear the brunt of pollution. In 2014, Governor Deval Patrick signed an executive order directing all state agencies to devote resources to protect the health, safety, and environment for the most vulnerable residents. However, this nominal commitment to “Environmental Justice” has been more rhetorical than real.*

*Public transit must play a role in decarbonizing our transportation system, as well as advancing complementary goals of equity and inclusion. However, Massachusetts politicians have lost their understanding of public transit as a public good that benefits all residents and businesses in Massachusetts, not just those who use it in their daily lives. The greatest evidence of this is their neglect of the MBTA: its debt has grown to nearly \$5.5 billion, with over \$7 billion in deferred maintenance costs. Regional Transit Authorities that serve communities, including Gateway Cities across the state, face enormous capital needs as well.*

**Despite recent progress, Massachusetts is still overwhelmingly dependent on fossil fuels.**



**Transportation is currently the largest contributor to greenhouse gas emissions in MA.**



(Source: <http://www.mass.gov>)

1. *Please share your personal values and principles regarding Sustainable Infrastructure and Environmental Protection.*

**Erika Johnson:** My day job is in energy efficiency, and I fully believe it's time for Massachusetts to invest in sustainable, clean, renewable energy. We have a beautiful coastline, forests and wildlife that also needs to be protected for generations to come.

2. *Please indicate work you personally have done to protect the environment and expand access to public transportation.*

**Erika Johnson:** Since graduation, I have committed to working full-time jobs that contribute to the greater good. In my 2 and a half years working for the Mass Save program, I have worked for programs that have saved millions of tons of carbon from the atmosphere and that is what motivates me. So many older legislators talk about lofty environmental goals to achieve by 2050 etc., these goals that they'll never be around for. As someone who will be alive to see 2050, we need to be constantly working to meet and exceed these goals to have a healthier planet not just for future generations but for now.

3. *Waste Reduction. Would you support a statewide ban on single-use shopping bags and a requirement that alternatives be more sustainable?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes. I worked closely on a semester-long policy study on banning plastic bags in Barrington, RI which overwhelmingly passed. Wilmington also voted to ban plastic bags, it's time for Massachusetts as a whole to ban single-use plastic shopping bags.

4. *Solar energy. Do you support increasing equitable access to solar power by removing caps on solar generation and restoring compensation for low-income and community solar?*

**Erika Johnson:** Yes.

5. *Renewable Energy. Do you support a target of at least 50% clean energy by 2030 for Massachusetts, as adopted in California and New York? (Hawaii is committed to 100% renewables by 2045). To accomplish this, would you support an increase in the Renewable Energy Production Standard (the*

green energy mandate on utilities) by at least 3% each year?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

6. **Environmental Justice.** Successive and bipartisan gubernatorial administrations have made verbal commitments to environmental justice (EJ) and Governor Deval Patrick issued an Executive Order on Environmental Justice in 2014 which has not been implemented.

a. Would you support implementation of the 2014 EO?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

b. and support efforts to codify environmental justice into law?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

7. **Gas pipelines.** Do you oppose the expansion of gas pipelines in the state?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

8. **Carbon pricing.**

a. Do you support putting a fee on carbon emissions?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

b. Do you support using some of the revenue from such a fee to invest in **green infrastructure**?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

9. **Public Utilities.** Would you support legislation to allow municipalities to purchase their electric distribution utility (the poles and wires that transmit power) and operate a municipal or cooperative electric utility?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

10. **Public Transit.** Do you support finding progressive revenue sources to fund the maintenance, expansion, and improvement of the MBTA and the RTAs?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

11. **Regional Transportation Funding.** Would you support legislation to allow municipalities to place a question on the ballot to raise revenue for local and regional transportation projects?

**Erika Johnson: Yes.**

# III. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

**Limit answer to 150 words or fewer.**

*Use this space to add any other issues important to your vision for Massachusetts or any other matter you think progressive voters should know about your candidacy.*

**Erika Johnson:** I am honored to even be asked to fill out this questionnaire for a possible endorsement. I am horrified at comments other people in the 19th Middlesex race are saying about undocumented people and sanctuary cities. I firmly believe that ICE should do their job and police should do theirs with no overlap. Everyone in the Commonwealth should feel protected and not have to second guess immigration implications when calling 911. A police officer should respond the same way to a dispatch call regardless of immigration status.